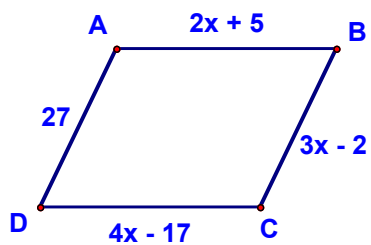


2.

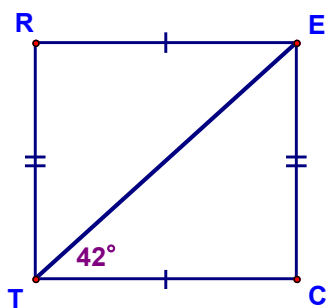
If $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DC}$, show that ABCD is not a rhombus



3.

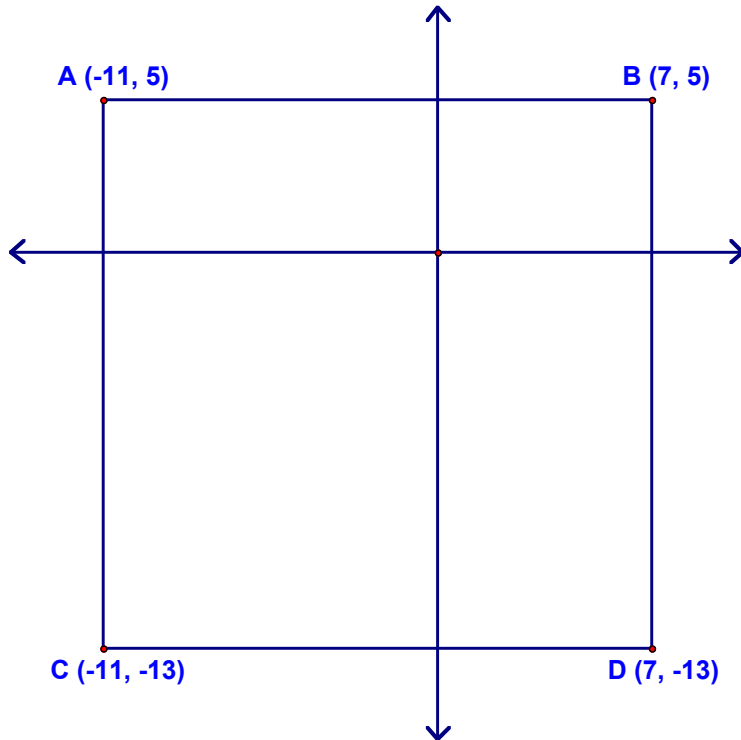
$m\angle RTE = (2x + 6)^\circ$

In order for RECT to be a rectangle, what must be the value of x ?



4.

Determine the most descriptive name for the quadrilateral.



6.

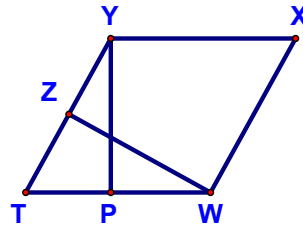
Give the most descriptive name for

- a. A quadrilateral with diagonals that are \perp bisectors of each other
- b. A rectangle that is also a kite
- c. A quadrilateral with opposite angles supplementary and consecutive angles supplementary
- d. A quadrilateral with one pair of opposite sides congruent and the other pair of opposite sides parallel.

8.

Given: $YTWX$ is a \square
 $\overline{YP} \perp \overline{TW}$
 $\overline{ZW} \perp \overline{TY}$
 $\overline{TP} \cong \overline{TZ}$

Prove: $YTWX$ is a rhombus



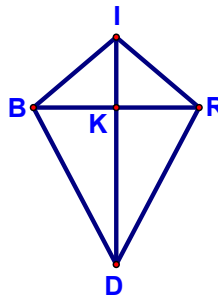
Statements

Reasons

10.

Given: \overline{ID} bisects \overline{RB}
 $\overline{BI} \cong \overline{IR}$

Prove: BIRD is a kite



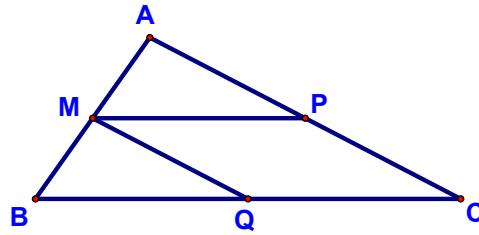
Statements

Reasons

18.

Given: $\overline{MP} \cong \overline{QC}$
 $\overline{MP} \parallel \overline{QC}$
M is the midpoint of \overline{AB}

Prove: $\triangle MAP \cong \triangle BMQ$



Statements

Reasons

22.

M, N, O, & P are midpoint of the sides of ABCD. Make your own coordinates for A, B, C, & D.

a. Find the coordinates of M, N, O, & P

b. Find the slopes of \overleftrightarrow{MN} & \overleftrightarrow{PO}

c. What is true about \overleftrightarrow{MN} & \overleftrightarrow{OP} ?

